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Register Number					

2014 MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Time Allowed: 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 300

CENTOR

Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions.

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This Booklet has a cover (this page) which should not be opened till the invigilator gives signal to open it at the commencement of the examination. As soon as the signal is received you should tear the right side of the booklet cover carefully to open the booklet. Then proceed to answer the questions.
- 2. This Question Booklet contains 200 questions. Prior to attempting to answer the candidates are requested to check whether all the questions are there in series without any omission and ensure there are no blank pages in the question booklet. In case any defect in the Question Paper is noticed it shall be reported to the Invigilator within first 10 minutes.
- 3. Answer all questions. All questions carry equal marks.
- 4. You must write your Register Number in the space provided on the top right side of this page. Do not write anything else on the Question Booklet.
- 5. An answer sheet will be supplied to you separately by the invigilator to mark the answers.
- 6. You will also encode your Register Number, Subject Code, Question Booklet Sl, No. etc. with Blue or Black ink Ball point pen in the space provided on the side 2 of the Answer Sheet. If you do not encode properly or fail to encode the above information, action will be taken as per commission's notification.
- 7. Each question comprises four responses (A), (B), (C) and (D). You are to select ONLY ONE correct response and mark in your Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there are more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each question. Your total marks will depend on the number of correct responses marked by you in the Answer Sheet.
- 8. In the Answer Sheet there are four circles (A), (B), (C) and (D) against each question. To answer the questions you are to mark with Blue or Black ink Ball point pen ONLY ONE circle of your choice for each question. Select one response for each question in the Question Booklet and mark in the Answer Sheet. If you mark more than one answer for one question, the answer will be treated as wrong. e.g. If for any item, (B) is the correct answer, you have to mark as follows:



- 9. You should not remove or tear off any sheet from this Question Booklet. You are not allowed to take this Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet out of the Examination Hall during the examination. After the examination is concluded, you must hand over your Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. You are allowed to take the Question Booklet with you only after the Examination is over.
- 10. The sheet before the last page of the Question Booklet can be used for Rough Work.
- 11. Failure to comply with any of the above instructions will render you liable to such action or penalty as the Commission may decide at their discretion.
- 12. In all matters and in cases of doubt, the English Version is final.
- 13. Do not tick-mark or mark the answers in the Question booklet.

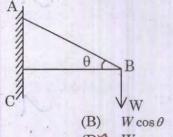
SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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1. The force induced in the string AB due to the load 'W' as shown in Fig is



- $W\sin\theta$ (A)
- $W \sec \theta$ (C)

- (D) W cosecθ
- The motion of a wheel of a car is 2.
 - Purely translation

- Purely rotational (B)
- Combined translation and rotational (D) cen
- None of these
- The forces, whose lines of action are parallel to each other and act in the same direction, are 3. known as
 - Coplanar concurrent forces (A)
- Coplanar non-concurrent forces (B)

Like parallel forces

- (D) Unlike parallel forces
- 4. Moment of inertia of a circular section about its diameter (d) is
 - $\pi d^3 / 16$ (A)

 $\pi d^4 / 32$ (C)

- D) nd4/64
- The linear velocity of a body rotating at "w" rad/sec along a circular path of radius (r) is 5. given by
 - (A) w/r

 w^2/r (C)

- Concurrent forces are those forces whose lines of action 6.
 - Lie on the same line

- Meet at one point
- Meet on the same plane
- (D) None of these
- If I_{xx} = moment of inertia of xx axis and I_{yy} = moment of inertia about y axis, then moment of 7. inertia about zz axis is given by
 - $(A) I_{zz} = I_{xx} I_{yy}$

(B) $I_{zz} = I_{yy} - I_{zz}$

 $I_{zz} = I_{xx} + I_{yy}$

- (D) None of the above
- 8. The unit of area moment of inertia is
 - $kg-m^2$ (A)

(C) kg/m^2

9.	Which	h of the following is a scalar quantity?		
	(A)	Force	BI	Speed
	(C)	Velocity	(D)	Acceleration
10.				about any point in their plane is equal to
		oment of their resultant about that po	oint". T	
	(A)	Principle of motion	BY	Varignon's theorem
	(C)	Lami's theorem	(D)	Principle of transmissibility
11.	The r	neutral axis of a beam		
	(A)	The layers are subjected to maximum	n bendi	ing stress
	(B)	The layers are subjected to minimum	bendi	ng stress
	(C)	The layers are subjected to compress	ion	
	-ON	The layers do not undergo any strain		
12.	The r	naximum deflection of a fixed beam ca	rrying	a central point load lies at
	(A)	Fixed ends	(B)1	Centre of beam
	(C)	1/3 from fixed ends	(D)	None of these
13.	Ifac	composite bar is cooled, then the natu	are of	stress in the part with high co-efficient of
	thern	nal expansion will be		
	(40)	Tensile	(B)	Compressive
	(C)	Zero	(D)	None of the above
14.	The I	Poisson's ratio for Cast Iron is	5 16	
	(A)	0.13	(B)	0.23
	(C)	0.013	(D)	0.43
15.	A loc	alised compressive stress at the area o	f conta	act between two members is known as
	(A)	Tensile stress	(B)	Bending stress
	w	Crushing stress	(D)	Shear stress
16.	The l	pending moment diagram for a simply	suppor	ted beam loaded at centre is
	(A)	a right angled triangle		an isoceles triangle
	(C)	an equilateral triangle	(D)	a rectangle
		T \overline{L} $C\theta$		
17.	In th	e torsion equation $\frac{T}{J} = \frac{\overline{L}}{R} = \frac{C\theta}{L}$, the te	rm J/R	is called
	(A)	Shear modulus	(B)	Section modulus
	401	Polar modulus	(D)	None of these

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18.	The	polar	modulus	for a	solid	shaft	of	diameter	(D)	is

(A) $\frac{\pi D^2}{4}$

 $\frac{\pi D^3}{16}$

(C) $\frac{\pi D^3}{32}$

(D) $\frac{\pi D^4}{64}$

19. The product of Young's Modulus (E) and moment of Inertia (I) is known as

(A) Modulus of rigidity

(B) Bulk modulus

Flexural rigidity

(D) Torsional rigidity

20. Factor of safety is defined as the ratio of

- ultimate stress to working stress
- (B) working stress to ultimate stress
- (C) breaking stress to ultimate stress
- (D) ultimate stress to breaking stress

21. An isothermal process is also called as

- (A) constant volume process
- constant temperature process
- (C) constant pressure process
- (D) none of the above

22. A perpetual motion machine of second kind violates

(A) Zeroth Law

(B) First Law

Second Law

(D) Third Law

23. In humidification process the dry bulb temperature

Remains constant

(B) Increases

(C) Decreases

(D) None of the above

24. The refrigerant widely used in domestic refrigerators is

(A) Carbon-dioxide

(B) Sulphur dioxide

(C) Freon-12

(D) Ammonia

25. In a vapour compression refrigeration system, the sequential order of different components is

- (A) compressor, throttle valve, condenser, evaporator
- (B) compressor, evaporator, throttle valve, condenser
- (C) compressor, throttle valve, evaporator, condenser
- compressor, condenser, throttle valve, evaporator

26. During sensible cooling process

(A) DBT decreases

(B) RH increases

(C) WBT decreases

(D) All the above

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27.	For t	he same compression ratio the eff		
	(A)	Greater than Otto cycle	(B)	Less than Otto cycle
	(C)	Equal to Otto cycle	(D)	Not equal to Otto cycle
28.	A clo	sed system is one in which		
	400	mass fixed though energy trans	fer takes pla	ace
	(B)	energy fixed though mass trans	fer takes pla	ace
	(C)	neither mass nor energy transfe	er takes plac	e
	(D)	both mass and energy transfer t	takes place	
29.		ne polytropic process equation p	ov ⁿ = constan	nt, if n is infinitely large, the process is
	401	constant volume	(B)	constant pressure
	(C)	constant temperature	(D)	constant entropy
	(0)	constant temperature	(D)	constant entropy
30.	Whic	h law states that the internal ene	ergy of a gas	
	(A)	Charles' Law	(2)	Joule's Law
	(C)	Regnault's Law	(D)	Boyle's Law
31.	Whic	h of the following quantity is not	the property	y of the system?
	(A)	pressure	(B)	temperature
	(C)	specific volume	ON .	heat
32.	All e	ngineering processes are		
	(A)	quasi-static	(B)	thermodynamically equilibrium
	(C)	reversible	(B)	irreversible
33.	A ne	rfect gas at 27°C is heated at c	onstant pre	ssure till its volume is double. The final
		erature is	onbunt pro	Double that I would be to the total the total the total the total the total total total the total tota
	(A)	54°C	(B)	327°C
	(C)	108°C	(D)	654°C
34.	Whic	h of the following property remain	ns constant	during throttling process?
04.	(A)	Internal energy	(B)	Pressure
	(C)	Entropy	(D)	Enthalpy
	(0)	Шигору		Diminarpy
35.		Carnot cycle, heat is transferred a		
	(A)	constant pressure	(B)	constant volume
	5	constant temperature	(D)	constant enthalpy

- 36. For an irreversible process,
 - (A) $\oint \frac{d\theta}{T} = 0$

(B) $\oint \frac{d\theta}{T} > 0$

 $\int \frac{d\theta}{T} < 0$

- (D) None of the above
- 37. The heat addition in dual combustion cycle is done at
 - (A) constant pressure
 - (B) constant volume

partly at constant pressure and partly at constant volume

- (D) constant temperature
- 38. One tonne of refrigeration is equivalent to
 - (A) 50 kJ/min

3.5 kW

(C) 3000 J/min

- (D) 20 kW
- 39. Boiling temperature of ammonia is
 - -33.33°C

(B) -78.5°C

(C) -29.8°C

- (D) -40.7°C
- 40. On Psychometric chart, relative humidity lines are
 - (A) horizontal
 - (B) vertical
 - (C) straight inclined sloping downward to the right



- curved
- 41. Consider the following turbines
 - 1. Kaplan turbine
 - 2. Pelton wheel
 - 3. Francis

The correct sequence in increasing order of the specific speeds of these turbine is

- - 2-3-1

(B) 2-1-3

(C) 3-1-2

- (D) 1-2-3
- 42. A Pelton wheel is ideally suited for
 - high head and low discharge
- (B) high head and high discharge
- (C) low head and low discharge
- (D) medium head and medium discharge
- 43. Which one of the following turbine is used in underwater power stations?
 - (A) Pelton turbine

(B) Deriaz turbine

Tubular turbine

(D) Turgo-impulse turbine

44.		e centrifugal air compressor design	pract	ice, the value of polytropic exponent of
	(A)	1.2	(B)	1.3
	5	1.4	(D)	1.5
45.	The t	urbo machine used to circulate refriger	ant in	a large refrigeration plant is
	(A)	a centrifugal compressor	(B)	a radial flow turbine
	5	an axial flow compressor	(D)	an axial flow turbine
46.		axial flow compressor is designed for of annulus of the succeeding stages will remain the same		stant velocity through all stages, then the
	(B)	progressively decrease		
	(C)	progressively increase		
	(D)	depend upon the number of stages		
	(D)	depend apon the number of stages		
47.		will be the shape of the velocity tri- ler, taking into account slip?	angle	at the exit of a radial bladed centrifugal
	(A)	Right-angled	(B)	Isosceles
	5	All angles less than 90°	(D)	One angle greater than 90°
48.	What satisf (B) (C) (D)		oositiv	re suction head for a given pump are not
49.	Whic		oe will	not improve the hydraulic efficiency of the
	40	straight cylindrical	(B)	conical type
	(C)	bell-mouthed	(D)	bent tube
50.	Whic	h one of the following is the bulk modu	lus K	of a fluid?
	CAM	dp	(B)	<u>dp</u>
	.	$\rho d\rho$	(1)	$\rho d\rho$
	(C)	$\rho \frac{dp}{d\rho}$ $\rho \frac{d\rho}{dp}$	(D)	$\frac{dp}{\rho d\rho}$ $\frac{d\rho}{\rho dp}$
51.	The c	co-efficient of friction depends on		
	(A)	area of contact	(B)	shape of surfaces
	(C)	strength of surfaces	0	nature of surface

- 52. fully developed laminar viscous flow through a circular tube has the ratio of maximum velocity to average velocity as
 - (A) 3.0

(B) 2.5

2.0

- (D) 1.5
- 53. Flow separation at a solid surface takes place due to
 - (A) friction at the solid surface
 - (B) decrease in pressure along the flow direction
 - increase in pressure along the flow direction
 - (D) positive pressure gradient along the flow direction and friction at the boundary
- 54. Specific speed of a pump and specific speed of a turbine is
 - $\frac{N\sqrt{Q}}{H^{3/4}}$ and $\frac{N\sqrt{P}}{H^{5/4}}$

(B) $\frac{N\sqrt{Q}}{H^{3/4}}$ and $\frac{N\sqrt{P}}{H^{3/4}}$

(C) $\frac{N\sqrt{Q}}{H^{5/4}}$ and $\frac{N\sqrt{P}}{H^{5/4}}$

- (D) $\frac{N\sqrt{Q}}{H^{5/4}}$ and $\frac{N\sqrt{P}}{H^{3/4}}$
- 55. Which of the following are the functions of a volute casing in a centrifugal pump?
 - 1. To collect water from the periphery of the impeller and to transmit it to the delivery pipe at constant velocity
 - 2. To increase the discharge of the pump
 - 3. To increase the efficiency of the pump
 - 4. To reduce the loss of head in discharge
 - (A) 1,2 and 3

(B) 2,3 and 4

1,3 and 4

- (D) 1 and 2
- 56. High positive incidence in an axial compressor blade raw leads to
 - (A) suppression of separation of flow on the blade
 - (B) choking of the flow
 - separation of flow on the suction side of the blade
 - (D) separation of flow on the pressure side of the blade
- 57. The stagnation pressure rise in a centrifugal compressor stage takes place
 - only in the diffuser

(B) in the diffuser and impeller

(C) only in the impeller

(D) only in the inlet guide vanes

- 58. Semi-angle of a Mach cone is
 - (A) $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{M}}\right)$

(B) $\sin^{-1} M$

 $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{M}\right)$

(D) $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{M}\right)$

Where M is Mach number

- 59. When a body falls freely under gravitational force, it possesses
 - (A) Maximum weight
 - (B) Minimum weight
 - No weight
 - (D) No effect on its weight
- 60. In Rayleigh flow heating of subsonic flow causes stagnation temperature to until $M < \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}$ and then ————.
 - (A) Increase, Constant

(B) Decrease, Increase

Increase, Decrease

- (D) Decrease, Constant
- 61. The calorific value of gaseous fuels is expressed in terms of
 - (A) Kcal

(B) Kcal/kg

(C) Kcal/m²

- Kcal/m³
- 62. Indicated power of a 4-stroke engine is
 - $(A) \quad \frac{\text{PLAN}}{60}$

(B) $\frac{2\text{PLAN}}{60}$

 $\frac{\text{PLAN}}{2 \times 60}$

(D) $\frac{4\text{PLAN}}{60}$

Where,

P = mean effective pressure, in $\frac{N}{m^2}$

L = Stroke in m

A = Area of Piston in m²

N = rpm of engine

- 63. Air standard Otto cycle efficiency is expressed as
 - (A) $1 \left[\frac{1}{r}\right]^{\frac{r-1}{r}}$

(B) $1-\left[\frac{1}{r}\right]^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}}$

 $1-\left[\frac{1}{r}\right]^{r-1}$

(D) $1 - \left\lceil \frac{1}{r} \right\rceil^{r+1}$

Where, r =compression ratio

- 64. The maximum temperature in the I.C engine cylinder is of the order of
 - (A) 500 1000°C

(B) 1000 - 1500°C

(C) 1500 – 2000°C

(D) 2000 - 2500°C

65.	Comb	oustion in compression igni-	tion engine is			
	(A)	homogeneous		1	heterogeneous	
	(C)	both (A) and (B)	(D))	laminar	
66.	The i	nlet valve of a four stroke o	ycle I.C engine	rer	nains open for nearly	p.
	(A)	180°	(B))	125°	
	WI WI	235°	(D))	200°	
67.	Most	high speed compression en	gines operates o	on		1-
	(A)	Diesel cycle	(B))	Otto cycle	
	S	Dual combustion cycle	(D))	Special type of air cycle	
68.	The a	accumulation of carbon in a	cylinder results	s ir	n increase of	
	(A)	clearance volume	(B))	volumetric efficiency	n .
	(C)	ignition time	Ø	7	effective compression ratio	10
69.	Diese	el fuel, compared to petrol i	s,			
	(A)	less difficult to ignite	(B))	just about the same difficult t	o ignite
	(C)	more difficult to ignite	Φ.	7	highly ignitable	
70.	For n	naximum range of a project	ile, the angle of	pr	ojection should be	N
	(A)	30°	N/B)	77	45°	
	(C)	60°	(D))	90°	
71.	The p	performance of a boiler is m	easured by the			
	(A)	amount of water evaporat	ed per hour (B))	steam produced in kg/hr	The .
	Sen	steam produced in kg/kg	of fuel burnt (D))	all of these	
72.			esel cycle havin	g i	fixed compression ratio, with	increase in
		ff ratio will	The state of	1	and the second	
	(A)	increase) [decrease	
	(C)	be independent	(D))	none of the above	
73.		er firing order that maint inder engine is	ains engine bal	lar	acing and reduces engine vib	ration for a
	(A)	1, 2, 3, 4	(8)	1	1, 2, 4, 3	
	(C)	1, 4, 3, 2	(D))	None of the above	
74.	The a	air-fuel ratio of the petrol e	ngine is controll	ed	by	
	(A)	fuel pump	, B	1	carburettor	
	(C)	injector	(D))	governor	

75.	An er	ngine indicator is used to dete	rmine the	e follov	wing
	(A)	speed	No		
	(B)	temperature			
	(C)	volume of cylinder			
	on	mean effective pressure and	lindicate	d horse	e power
76.	Engi	ne pistons are usually made o	f alumini	um all	oy because it
	(4)	is lighter		(B)	wears less
	(C)	absorbs shocks		(D)	is stronger
77.	One l	kg of steam sample contains ().8 kg dry	steam	ı, it's dryness fraction is
	(A)	20%		(B)	100%
	on	80%	N	(D)	60%
78.	A fus	ible plug is fitted in small boi	lers in or	der to	
	(A)	avoid excessive build up of p	ressure		
	(B)	avoid explosion	100		
	wn	extinguish fire if water level	l in the bo	oiler fa	ills below alarming limit
	(D)	control steam dome			
79.	The r	nain interest of shielding in n	uclear re	actor i	s protection against
	(A)	X-rays		(B)	infra-red rays
	ven	neutrons and gamma rays		(D)	α,β and γ rays
80.	In tri	ggering fission, which type of	neutrons	are m	nore effective
	(A)	fast	*	(B)	slow
	(C)	in bulk		(D)	static
81.	Cons	ider the following statements	:		
	Acros	ss the normal shock, the fluid	propertie	es char	nge in such a manner that the
	1.	velocity of flow is subsonic	1 %	2.	pressure increases
	3.	specific volume decreases		4.	temperature decreases
	Of th	ese statements:			
	(A)	2,3 and 4 are correct		(B)	1,2 and 4 are correct
	(C)	1,3 and 4 are correct	14	01	1,2 and 3 are correct

- 82. In a flow through a convergent nozzle, the ratio of back pressure to the inlet pressure is given by the relation $\frac{P_B}{P_1} = \left[\frac{2}{r+1}\right]^{r/r+1}$. If the back pressure is lower than P_B given by the above equation, then
 - (A) the flow in the nozzle is supersonic
 - (B) a shock wave exists inside the nozzle
 - the gases expand outside the nozzle and a shock wave appears outside the nozzle
 - (D) a shock wave appears at the nozzle exit
- 83. Consider the following statements:

A convergent-divergent nozzle is said to be chocked when

- 1. Critical pressure is attained at the throat
- 2. Velocity at the throat becomes sonic
- 3. Exit velocity becomes supersonic

Of these statements

(A) 1,2 and 3 are correct

1 and 2 are correct

(C) 2 and 3 are correct

- (D) 1 and 3 are correct
- 84. Consider the following statements pertaining to isentropic flow:
 - To obtain stagnation enthalpy, the flow need not be decelerated isentropically but should be decelerated ediabatically
 - 2. The effect of friction in an adiabatic flow is to reduce the stagnation pressure and increase entropy
 - 3. A constant area tube with rough surfaces can be used as a subsonic nozzle

Of these statements

1,2 and 3 are correct

(B) 1 and 2 are correct

(C) 1 and 3 are correct

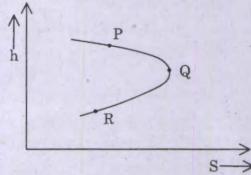
- (D) 2 and 3 are correct
- 85. Given r = ratio of specific heats, for Rayleigh line, the temperature is maximum at a mach number of
 - \sqrt{s} $\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}$

(B) √r

(C) $\frac{1}{r}$

(D) r

In a Fanno line shown in the given figure



- (A) subsonic flow proceeds along PQR
- (B) supersonic flow proceeds along PQR
- On subsonic flow proceeds along PQ and supersonic flow proceeds along RQ
- (D) subsonic flow proceeds along RQ and supersonic flow proceeds along PQ
- 87. Introduction of a pitot tube in a supersonic flow would produce
 - (A) normal shock at the tube nose
 - (B) curved shock at a little distance upstream of the tube nose
 - (C) normal shock at the upstream of the tube nose
 - (D) curved shock at the upstream of the tube nose
- 88. Which of the following statements are correct?
 - 1. Mach wave is a very weak shock wave
 - 2. Entropy change across a shock wave is nearly zero
 - 3. Total pressure behind a shock wave is less than ahead of it
 - 4. Mach number behind a normal shock is less than one

Codes:

- (A) 1,2 and 3
- 1,2 and 4 (C)

- - 1,3 and 4
- (D) 2.3 and 4
- For minimum work in compressor operating between limits p_1 and p_3 the best intercooler 89. pressure p_2 is given by
 - (A) $p_2 = \sqrt{p_1 + p_3}$

 $p_1 = \sqrt{p_1 p_3}$

(C) $p_2 = \frac{p_1 + p_3}{2}$

- For one-dimensional isentropic flow in a diverging passage, if the initial static pressure is P_1 90. and the initial mach number is $M_1(M_1 < 1)$, then for the downstream flow
 - $M_2 < M_1; P_2 < P_1$ (A)

 (P_1) $M_2 < M_1; P_2 > P_1$

(C) $M_2 > M_1; P_2 > P_1$

(D) $M_2 > M_1; P_2 < P_1$

1			(TD)	200 [2]
	(A)	660 m/s		$330 \times \sqrt{2} \text{ m/s}$
	(C)	330 /√2 m/s	(D)	$330 \times \sqrt{\frac{327}{300}} \text{ m/s}$
92.	The o	verall efficiency of a rocket is maximum	when	aircraft velocity compared to jet velocity i
J	. (40)	same	(B)	half
	(C)	double	(D)	two third
93.		eket propulsion system, specific impuls		
	(A)	Thrust per unit volume flow rate of p	ropell	ant
	(B)	Thrust per unit area	11	
	ven	Thrust per unit weight flow rate of p	ropella	int
	(D)	Thrust per unit time		
			1	
94.	A roc	ket engine for the combustion of its fu	e1	
94.	A roc	ket engine for the combustion of its fu- Carries its own oxygen	(B)	Uses surrounding air
94.	A			Uses surrounding air Does not require oxygen
939126	(C)	Carries its own oxygen	(B)	
94. 95.	(C)	Carries its own oxygen Uses compressed atmospheric air	(B)	
50020	(C)	Carries its own oxygen Uses compressed atmospheric air	(B) (D)	Does not require oxygen
95.	(C) Propu	Carries its own oxygen Uses compressed atmospheric air ulsive efficiency is defined as ratio of Thrust power and fuel energy Propulsive power and fuel input	(B) (D)	Does not require oxygen Propulsive power and engine output Thrust power and propulsive power
	(C) Propu	Carries its own oxygen Uses compressed atmospheric air alsive efficiency is defined as ratio of Thrust power and fuel energy	(B) (D)	Does not require oxygen Propulsive power and engine output Thrust power and propulsive power

97. The efficiency of propulsion of a jet engine is equal to

(A)
$$\frac{2u}{\hat{v}-u}$$

(C)
$$\frac{v-u}{2u}$$

(D)
$$\frac{v+u}{2u}$$

Where, v = relative velocity of jet to aircraft u = velocity of aircraft

98. In jet engines, for the efficient production of large power, fuel is burnt in an atmosphere of

(A) Vacuum

(B) Atmospheric air

Compressed air

(D) Oxygen alone

99.	A gas	turbine used in air craft should be		
	(A)	high h.p and low weight	(B)	low weight and small frontal area
	(C)	small frontal area and high h.p	(D)	high speed and high h.p
100.		engine works on the principle of cons	(77)	
	(A)	mass	(B)	energy
	(C)	flow	Kan	linear momentum
101.	Thor	navimum fluctuation of anarov in a fl	any hool	is agual to
101.		naximum fluctuation of energy in a fl		
	(A)	$I.w (w_1 - w_2)$		$I w^2 C_s$
	(C)	$2EC_s$	Jan Jan	All of the above
102.	The r	elation between the pitch of the chair	n (p) ar	nd pitch circle diameter of the sprocket (d
	is giv	en by		
	(A)	$p = d \sin\left(\frac{60^{\circ}}{T}\right)$	(B)	$p = d\sin\left(\frac{90^{\circ}}{T}\right)$
	(C)	$p = d \sin\left(\frac{120^{\circ}}{T}\right)$	की	$p = d \sin\left(\frac{180^{\circ}}{T}\right)$
	Wher	T = Number of teeth on the sprock	et	
100	TTI)		1	
103.	the a	eroplane takes a turn to the left. Th		direction when seen from the tail end an of the gyroscopic couple on the aeroplan
1	will b		(D)	m 1: 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	(2)	To raise the nose and dip the tail	(B)	To dip the nose and raise the tail
	(C)	To raise the nose and tail	(D)	To dip the nose and tail
104.	The r	nost common semi – cone angle of a c	one clut	ch is
	(A)	5°	(B)	7.5°
	en	12.5°	(D)	17.5°
105	The f	actor which offects the critical aread	of a sho	G. i.a.
105.	(A)	actor which affects the critical speed Diameter of the disc	(B)	Span of the shaft
	(C)	Eccentricity	(DX)	All of the above
	(0)	Determinenty	1	and the above
106.	A les	ss viscous lubricant is good protection	agains	t de la companya de
	(A)	Surface pitting	(B)	Normal wear
	(2)	Abrasion	(D)	Local welding

107. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

Dunkerley method

D' Alempbert's Principle

Speed control on par with load

Turning moment

(a)	Flyw	1.		
(b)	Gove	2.		
(c)	Critic	3.		
(d)	Inert	4.		
Cod	es:			
			1	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(A)	4	2	3	1
(B)	4	2	1	3
(C)	2	4	3	1
(D)	2	4	1	3

List I

List I

List I

Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists: 108.

List II

(a)	4 links, 4 turning pairs			1.	Complete constraint
(b)	3 links, 3 turning pairs			2.	Successful constraint
(c)	5 links, 5 turning pairs			3.	Rigid frame
(d)	Footstep bearning			4.	Incomplete constraint
Code	es:				
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	~
(A)	3	1	4	2	
(B)	1	3	2	4	
(C)	3	1	2	4	
(DXI)	1	3	4	2	

Match List I (Applications) with List II (Features of vibration) and select the correct answer 109. using the codes given below the lists:

List II

		4			
(a)	Vibration damper			1.	Frequency of free vibration
(b)	Shoc	k absorb	er	2.	Forced vibration
(c)	Frahm tachometer			3.	Damping of vibration
(d)	Oscil	lator		4.	Transverse vibration
				5.	Absorption of vibration
Cod	es:				
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
1401	5	3	2	1	
(B)	3	1	4	2	
(C)	5	3	4	1	
(D)	3	4	2	5	

110.	A system of masses rotating in different parallel planes is in dynamic balance if the resultant										
	(A)	Force is equal to zero									
	(B)										
	401										
	(D)										
		be zero									
111.	In case of involute tooth profile choose the correct statement										
	(A)										
	(B)										
	(C)	The teeth are difficult to manufactur									
	(D)	The teeth are stronger than cycloida	l teeth								
112.		primary unbalanced force of a reciproce of stroke at	cating e	engine is maximum when crank is inclined							
	(A)	0°	(B)	180°							
	on	0° Or 180°	(D)	90°							
110	VI/India	h of the fellowing is a lower with									
113.		h of the following is a lower pair?	(D)	Distant and ordindan							
	(A)	Ball and socket	(B)	Piston and cylinder							
	(C)	Cam and follower	ارس	(A) and (B) above							
114.	A mechanism is an assemblage of										
	(A)	Two Links	(B)	Three links							
	101	Four links or more than four links	(D)	All of the above							
115.	A slid	ler crank chain consists of following n	umbers	s of turning and sliding pairs							
	(A)	1, 3	(B)	2, 2							
	(C)	4, 0	of	3, 1							
116.	The a		hich th	he body begins to move down the plane is							
	(45)	Angle of friction	(B)	Angle of repose							
	(C)	Angle of projection	(D)	None of the above							
117.	The p	power transmitted by a belt is maxim	um wh	en the maximum tension in the belt (T) is							
	equal										
	(A)	T_{C}	(B)	$2T_{c}$							
	497	$3T_C$	(D)	$4T_{C}$							

118.	Oue to slip of the belt, the velocity ratio of the belt drive											
	(A)	Increases	(B)	Decreases								
	(C)	Becomes zero	(D)	Does not change								
119.	To re	To reduce speed fluctuation during a cycle of operation in an engine the device used is										
	(A)	Governor	(B)	Governor and flywheel								
	(C)	Gyroscope	001	Flywheel								
120.		In a forced vibration with viscous damping, maximum amplitude occurs when for frequency is										
	(4)	Equal to natural frequency	(B)	Slightly less than natural frequency								
	(C)	Slightly greater than natural frequency	(D)	Zero Zero								
101	M	1. I : - I (A - 1: - 4: - 2 - : 1 I : 4 II (D										
121.	Match List I (Applications) with List II (Drive element) and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:											
		List I		List II								
	(a)	Automobile differential	1.	Flat belt								
	(b)	Bicycle .	2.	V - belt								
	(c)	Planning machine	3.	Chain drive								
	(d)	Radiator fan of automobile	4.	Gear drive								
		(a) (b) (c) (d)										
	(M)	4 3 1 2		Henry of the state water to the state of the								
	(B)	1 3 4 2										
	(C)	4 2 1 3										
	(D)	1 2 4 3										
122.	Pivot	ted segment thrust bearing is used in or	rder t	o provide								
	(A)	Uniform distribution of load	(B)	Uniform wear								
	101	A converging film of oil	(D)	Easy flow of oil								
123.	Ina	horizontal flat belt drive, it is customar	y to u	ase								
	(A)	Bottom side of the belt as the slack si	de du	ring the transmission of power								
	(B)1	Top side of the belt as the slack side										
	(C)	Crossed - belting										
	(D)	Idler in between										
124.	Whic	ch of the following is called the divided j	ourna	al bearings?								
	(A)	Bell and roller bearings	(B)	Pivot bearing								
	(C)	Split carbon bearing	On	Plummer block								

125.	Cons	ider the	follow	ing state	ments				
	The	form fac	ctor of a	spur ge	ar toot	h depe	ends upon	the	
	1.	Numbe	er of tee	th					
	2.	Pressu	re angl	e					
	3.	Adden	dum mo	odification	n coef	ficient			
	4.	Circula	ar pitch			6			
	Of th	iese sta	tement			100			
	(A)	1 and	3 are c	orrect			(B)	2 and 4 are correct	
	1001	1,2 ar	nd 3 are	correct			(D)	1 and 4 are correct	
									N
	a 1							1 11	
126.						an obj		metric modelling	
	(A)			nodelling	3		(B)	Surface modelling	
	(C)	Solid	modelli	ng			ug	All the above	
127.	For a	a journa	al runni	ing in a	bearin	g clock	kwise, at	steady state, the minimu	m clearance shall
	be								
	(A)		the loa				(B)	To the left of the load lin	ne
	(C)	To the	e right	of the loa	ad line		(D)	Unpreditable	
128.					llowin	g prov	ides Kine	matic flexibility?	15
	(A)		couplin				(B) /	Oldham coupling	
	(C)	Slip c	oupling				(D)	Flange coupling	
129.	Mate	ch List l	with L	ist II an	d selec	t the	correct an	swer using the codes give	n below the lists :
			ist I				List		
	(a)	RAM				1.	Networ	k of computers	1
	(b)	ROM				2.	Softwar	re which makes the comp	uter work
	(c)	DOS				3.	Memor	y used for processing	
	(d)	LAN				4.	Memor	y in which user can not w	rite anything
	Code	es:							
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				
	(A)	1	2	3	4				
	481)	3	4	2	1				
	(C)	2	3	4	1	-			
1	(D)	3	4	1	2	14			
ACIE	MOR						20		
AUL	MCE						40		

130. Match List I (Machine element) with List II (Cause of failure) and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

1.

2.

3.

4.

List II

Shear stress

Bending stress

Wear

Tensile / compressive stress

List I Axle (a) (b) Cotter (c) Connecting rod (d) Journal bearing Codes: (c) (a) (b) (d) 2 4 1 3 (T3) 2 3 4 2 4 1 3 (C) 3 2 (D) 1

- 131. The buckling load will be maximum for a column if
 - (A) One end of the column is clamped and the other end is free
 - Both ends of the column are clamped
 - (C) Both ends of the column are hinged
 - (D) One end of the column is hinged and the other end is free
- 132. Correlate statement I and II using code given below
 - The probability of seizure in worm on worm wheel drives are reduced by making worm wheel teeth in bronze
 - II. Steel on bronze has low coefficient of friction than steel on steel or steel on C.I.

Code:

I and II are correct and II explains I (B) I and II are independently correct

(C) I is correct but II is not

(D) II is correct but I is not

133. A helical gear and a straight tooth spur gear are designed to transmit same power with same driving speed and velocity ratio

Choose the wrong statement

- (A) Helical gear will have smaller pitch circle diameter
- (B) Helical gear will have smaller module
- Helical gear will have smaller length of tooth
- (D) Helical gear teeth will be subjected to lesser bending stress
- 134. Correlate the following statements
 - I. V belt has the advantage of small centre distance but under limiting conditions the small centre distance results in small belt length which is a disadvantage
 - II. A small belt length will cause the belt to go through a large number of stress reversal in a given time

Codes:

Both I and II are correct and II explains I

(B) I and II are independently correct

- (C) I is correct but II is not
- (D) II is correct but I is not

ACFMCE [Turn over

135.	The ratio	of strength	of butt	welds u	nder imp	pact loads	to gradual	loads	is
------	-----------	-------------	---------	---------	----------	------------	------------	-------	----

(A) 0.5 0.6

(C) 0.7

136. Match the following

- (a) Automobiles
- Fluid coupling 1.
- Hydraulic machinery (b)
- 2. Oldham coupling
- (c) Workshops
- Hooke's coupling 3.
- Misaligned shafts (d)
- (b)

3

4

1

2

Protected flange coupling 4.

- (a)
- (c)

(d)

4

1

2

3

- (A) 1 (B) 2
- 2

- 3
- S 3
- 4
- (D) 4
- 1
- 137. Select the correct one from the following for a crown gear
 - (A) Cutting angle is 90°
 - (B) Pitch cone angle is 90°
 - (C) Tip angle is 90°
 - (D) Cone angle is 90°

Choose the correct statement 138.

- The contact in case of spur gears is a line CAST
- (B) The contact in case of spur gears is a point
- The noise in helical gears is more as compared to spur gears (C)
- (D) The contact in case of helical gears remains a line throughout

The materials having same elastic properties in all directions are called 139.

- Ideal materials (A)
- (B) Uniform materials
- JE17 Isotropic materials
 - elastic materials (D)

140.	n a		oring, the	minimu	ım nun	iber of		th leaves should be	*
	HAY	2					(B)	3	1
	(C)	4					(D)	1	
141	The	naint.	of contro	florumo	in a loa	dod be	am nofon	a to the costion where the	
141.	100		ar force is		m a ioa	ded be		s to the section where the Bending moment is maximum	
	(A) (C)		ar force is		*****		(B)	Bending moment changes the	
	(0)	She	ar force is	s maxim	um	,	07	bending moment changes the	ergii
142.	Mate	ch List	t I with II	and sel	ect the	correc	et answer		
			List I				List	II	
	(a)		al gears			1.	Non - ir	nterchangeable	
	(b)		ing bone	gears	84 P	2.		ial thrust	
	(c)		n gears			3.	Quiet n	notion	3 7 . 3
4 .	(d)		oid gears			4.	Extrem	e speed reduction	
	Code								
	Couc								
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				
	(A)	1	2	3	4				
	100				I -				
	(B)	3	2	1	4	10		And the second second second	
	(C)	3	1	4	2	-1			
	0)	3	2	4	1				
143.	Whie	ch one	is not the	e advant	tage of	helica	l gear?		1
140.			dual cont		The second secon		(B)	High contact ratio	300
	Con		al force co				(D)	High peripheral speed	
	-1						(-)		
144.		- CO	ears can l	oe made	by		nv1	GI : III D: I	
	(A)		bing	1				Shaping with Pinion cutter	
	(C)	Sha	ping with	rack cu	itter		(D)	Milling	
						9			,
145.	Cons	sider t	he follow:	ing comp	onents				1
	1.	A dec	dicated co	mputer					
	2.	Bulk	memory						
	3.	Telec	communic	cation lir	nes				
	Whie	ch of th	hese com	ponents	are req	uired	for a DN	C system?	
	(A)	2 an		7/1			(B)	1 and 2	
	CON	1,2 :	and 3				(D)	1 and 3	1
	- 1				2 10				
146.	Com	iden t	he fellow	ing to al	materi	10			1
140.			he follow	-		ais			1 13
	1. 2.		carbon s						
		11/200	speed ste	eer toors					
	3.		mic tools		7.				
	4.							teleficial and the second	
				are pro	vided v	vith ne	-	ike angle?	
	(A)	1 an				00	(B)	2 and 3	
	(C)	1 an	id 3			1	(4)	3 and 4	

147.	Scab	18 a			
	(4)	Sand casting defect	(B)	Machining defect	HERMAN I
	(C)	Welding defect	(D)	Forging defect	
140	Whin	h ana af tha fallawina matan	: -1: 11 i i	L. l	
148.	castin	h one of the following mater	iais will require	the largest size of riser for t	ne same size o
	(A)	Aluminium	(es)	Cast Iron	
	(C)	Steel	(D)	Copper	
149.	Cons	ider the following statement	s about nose radi	us	. 3
	1.	It improves tool life			
	2.	It reduces the cutting force			
1	3.	It improves the surface fini	sh		
	Of th	ese statements			
	(A)	1 and 2 are correct	(B)	2 and 3 are correct	
	(C)	1 and 3 are correct	(P)	1, 2 and 3 are correct	
					2
150.	Enlar				
	(40)	Boring	(B)	Drilling	
	(C)	Reaming	(D)	Internal turning	*
151.	In bla	anking operation the clearar	nce provided is		
	(A)	50% on punch and 50% on			
	(B)	On die			
	(0)	On punch			
	(D)	On die or punch depending	g upon designers	choice	
152.	A dia	mond locating pin is used in	i jigs and fixtures	because	
	(A)	Diamond is very hard and	wear resistant		
	(B)	It occupies very little space	e -		
	401	It helps in assembly with	colerance on centi	re distance	
	(D)	It has a long life			
		A training the same			
153.		e ways of Lathe beds are ha			
	(A)	Carburising	(B)	Cyaniding	
	(C)	Nitriding	400)	Flame hardening	

154.	Feed	Feed drives in CNC milling machines are provided by								
	(A)	Synchronous motors	-1	(B)	Induction motors					
	(C)	Stepper motors		On	Servo motors					
155.	Consider the following operations									
	1.	Under cutting								
	2.	Plain turning								
	3.	Taper turning								
	4.	Thread cutting								
	The	correct sequence of these op	erations in	machi	ning a product is					
	(A)	2 - 3 - 4 - 1			3 - 2 - 4 - 1					
	S	2 - 3 - 1 - 4		(D)	3 - 2 - 1 - 4					
156.	Whie	ch of the following is / are th	e advanta	ges of n	umerical control of machin	ne tools?				
	1.	Reduced lead time								
	2.	Consistently good quality								
	3.	Elaborate fixtures are not	required	***						
	(4)	2 and 3		(B)	1 and 2					
	(C)	1 alone		(D)	1 and 3					
157.	Whie	ch one of the following mate	rial is used	l as the	bonding material for grine	ling wheels?				
	(A)	Silicon carbide		181	Sodium silicate					
	(C)	Boron carbide		(D)	Aluminium oxide					
158.	In a	In a mechanical shaper, the length of stroke is increased by								
	(40)									
		Decreasing the centre dis								
	(C)	Increasing the length of the								
	(D)	Decreasing the length of t		the slot	ted lever					
	Ŧ									
159.	Dire	ctional solidification in casti	ings can be	impro	ved by using					
	(A)	Chills and chaplets		(B)	Chills and padding .					
H	(C)	Chaplets and padding		(D)	Chills, Chaplets and pade	ling				
160.	Whie	ch one of the following pairs	is not corr	ectly m	atched?					
	(A)	Aluminium alloy piston		- 1	Pressure Die Casting					
	(B)	Jewellery			Wave Process	10				
	(C)	Large Pipes			Centrifugal Casting					
	(D)	Large bells			Loam moulding					
			0	-		ACEMCI				

161.				of a cup	oola is 1	0:1, th	en the coke requirement for one ton melt	be		
	(A)	0.1 t	on			1	20 10 tons			
	(C)	01 to	n			1	(D) 11 tons			
100	Maka	L Tink	Tial T	int II au	J l	4 4 1	and a summer of the soles since helen the	lists		
162.	Mate				ia seiec		orrect answer using the codes given below the	HSts .		
			(Wear t				II (Associated mechanism)			
	(a)		sive wear			1.	Galvanic action			
	(b)		sive wea			2.	Ploughing action			
	(c)		rolytic w			3.	Molecular transfer			
	(d)	Diffus	sion wea	r		4.	Plastic deformation			
						5.	Metallic bond			
		(-)	(L)	(4)	(3)					
	440	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)					
	(D)	2	5	1	3					
	(B)	5	2	1	3					
	(C)	2	1	3	4					
	(D)	5	2	3	4					
163.	In m	anual	nart nr	aramm	ing and	tane	preparation for a NC drilling machine, the s	nindle		
100.		speed was coded as S684. The spindle speed in rpm will be								
	w	684					(B) 68.4			
	(C)	840					(D) 6840			
164.	Accu	Accuracy of measuring equipment is								
	(A) The closeness with which a measurement can be read directly from a measuring instruments									
	(19)			of how	close th	e read	ing is to the true size			
	(C)						value and actual value			
	(D)			-						
		(D) The smallest change in measure and that can be measured								
165.	For t	the me	asureme	nt of wl	nich of	the foll	owing is McLeod gauge used			
	(4)	Low	pressur	9		T-a	(B) High pressure			
	(C)	High	temper	ature			(D) Low temperature			
100	G .									
166.			errors a		d					
	(A)		domly di							
	(C)		ularly re	Section 10 to 10 t			sides of mean value			
	(C) (D)		nown er		-ve an	u –ve s	sides of illean value			
	(11)	UIIK	HOWHEL	FOIS						

167.	ne v	value of modulus of elasticity for mild s	steel is	of the order of						
*	(A)	2.1×10 ⁵ kg/cm ²								
	On	2.1×10 ⁶ kg/cm ²								
	(C)	0.1×10 ⁶ kg/cm ²								
	(D)	3.8×10 ⁶ kg/cm ²								
100	Whin	h of the following one massure burn si-			~					
168.	(A)	h of the following are measure by a sin Gear profiles	B)	External tapers						
	(C)	Internal tapers	(D)	Surface roughness						
169.	The t	hread micrometer measures								
	(A)	The major diameter of the thread	(B)	The minor diameter of the	e thread					
	wn .	The effective diameter of the thread	(D)	The root diameter of the t	hread					
170.	Repe	atability of measuring equipment is								
	(A)	The closeness with which a measurinstrument			m a measuring					
4.	(B)	A measure of how close the reading is								
	(C)	Difference between measured value a								
	97	The capability if indicate the same re	aumg	agam and agam						
171.	The number of slip gauge in a metric unit set are									
	(A)	103	(B)	76						
	(C)	48 and 31	97	all of the above sets are av	vailable					
172.		tooth caliper is used to find the chords			of gear tooth					
	4001	Spur gear	(B)	Helical gear						
	(C)	Worm gear	(D)	Bevel gear	()					
173.	Circu	lar scale of the micrometer is marked	on							
	(A)	Anvil	(B)	Barrel						
	on	Thimble	(D)	Ratchet	~					
174.	Fiduc	cial indicator contains								
	(A)	Calibrated scale	(B)	A single index mark						
	(C)	Micrometer screw movement	(D)	Optical head						

175.	A comparator for its working depends on									
	(A)	Accurately calibrated scale								
	BI	Comparison with standard such as slip gauges								
	(C)	Accurate micrometer gauge								
	(D)	Optical devices								
176.	The t	hickness of oil film at the surface of sl	in gang	ves is of the order of						
110.	4	0.005 micron	(B)	0.1 micron						
	(C)	1 micron	(D)	10 microns						
	(C)	1 inferon	(D)	To inicions						
177.	The two slip gauges in precision measurement are joined by									
	(A)	Assembling	(B)	Sliding						
	(C)	Adhesion	on	Wringing						
170	W: -1									
178.		man gauge is used for inspection of	(D)	Cl - C-						
	(A)	Holes	(B)	Shafts						
	(C)	Gears	الم	Screw threads						
179.	Accor	ding to Taylor's principle, 'No Go' gau	ge chec	eks						
	(4)	Only one features at a time	(B)	Only important dimensions at a time						
	(C)	All the dimensions at a time	(D)	Only the related dimensions at a time						
180.	A nlu	g gauge is used for measuring								
100.	(A)	Cylinder	VIN)	Cylindrical bores						
	(C)	Spherical holes	(D)	Screw threads						
	(0)	Spherical noies	(D)	Direw tilleaus						
181.	Gear	tooth vernier is used to measure								
	(A)	Gear tooth profile	(B)	Gear tooth thickness						
	Sol	Pitch line thickness of gear tooth	(D)	Addendum and dedendum						
182.	The	surface roughness on a drawing is rep	resente	d by						
102.	(A)	Circles	(B)	Squares						
	(00)	Triangles	(D)	Curves						
	1	Triangles	(1)	Curves						
183.	Adde	ndum of a gear is equal to								
	(A)	Pitch p	(B)	0.3 p						
	w	0.3183 p	(D)	0.3683 p						
ACF	MCE	2	8							

184.	Lines	s need to be balanced in				
	W	Product layout	No.	(B)	Process layout	
	(C)	Functional layout		(D)	Fixed position layout	
185.	Unity	y of command is violated und	er ———		organization.	
	(A)	Line	No	(B)	Line and staff organization	
	(e)	Functional		(D)	Line as well as functional	
186.	Temp	plates are used for				
	(A)	Advancing a programme in	automatic	mach	nines	
	(B)	Planning layout				
	(C)	Material flow optimization				_
	(D)	Checking the reliability of a	product			
187.			ng which	must	be done between various wo	rk stations is
1		ned from Gantt chart		(D)	Ctuing Jingson	
	(A)		,	(B)	String diagram	
	on	Travel chart		(D)	Bar chart	
188.		rial handling is higher in cas	e of			
	(A)	Process layout		(B)	Product layout	PV
	(C)	Group layout		(D)	Fixed position layout	
189.	ABC	analysis is used in				
	(A)	Job analysis		(B)	Production schedule	,
	on	Inventory control		(D)	Simulation	
190.	Bin c	ards are used in keeping reco	ord of	19		
	(A)	Man power		(B)	Machine utilization	
	w	Material storage	~	(D)	Entry / Exit time of workers	
191.	Two	oin system is concerned with	r della		Della X	
	(A)	Forecasting sales		(B)	Storage system	
	(C)	Economizing expenditure	A	DY	Ordering procedure	
192.	MAD	Machinery Allied Draduct I	natituta) -	nothe	d guides for action on the sub	icat of
132.	(A)	Quality control	nstitute) i	(B)	Material management	Ject OI
	((2)	Equipment replacement		(D)	Optimum utilization of mach	nines
1799		Edathment rehiscement		(D)	Opunium utilization of macr	imes

193.	Therbligs, in micromotion study, is described by										
	(A)	An event	(8)	Standard symbol and colour							
	(C)	An activity	(D)	None of the above							
194.	Merit	rating is the method of determining	1								
	(A)	Worth of a machine	(B)	Worker's performance on a job							
	(C)	Relative value of job	(D)	Utility of a product							
195.		valuation is the method of determining									
		(A) Utility of a product									
	(B)	(B) Worth of as machine to perform a specified task Relative value of a job									
	(D)	Worker's performance on a job									
196.	Conti	t charts are associated with									
100.	(A)	Material handling	(B)	Inventory control							
	401	Production schedule	(D)	Sales forecast							
		Trougeston sonounc	(2)								
197.	Routi	ng and scheduling are integral part of									
	W	Product planning	(B)	Work study							
	(C)	Job analysis	(D)	Quality control							
198.	A CP	M network is									
	(40)	Activity oriented	(B)	Event oriented							
	(C)	Both activity and event oriented	(D)	Neither activity nor event oriented							
199.		ERT, the time estimates of activities rence follows	are	probabilistic and the probability of their							
	(A)	Binomial distribution	(8)	β - distribution							
	(C)	Normal distribution	(D)	Poisson's distribution							
200.	CPM	considers the trade between cost and									
	(A)	Man power	(B)	Time							
	(C)	Machines	(D)	Material							