

Test Booklet No.

परीक्षा पुस्तिका संख्या

This Booklet contains 20 pages.
इस पुस्तिका में 20 पृष्ठ हैं।**JP C14-I****PAPER I / प्रश्न-पत्र I****PART IV & V / भाग IV & V**

Khasi Language Supplement

खासी भाषा परिशिष्ट

Test Booklet Code

परीक्षा पुस्तिका संकेत



Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक कहा न जाए।

Read carefully the Instructions on the Back Cover (Page 19 & 20) of this Test Booklet.

इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका के पिछले आवरण (पृष्ठ 19 व 20) पर दिए निर्देशों को ध्यान से पढ़ें।

For instructions in Khasi see Page 2 of this booklet. / खासी में निर्देशों के लिए इस पुस्तिका का पृष्ठ 2 देखें।**INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES****परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश**

- This booklet is a supplement to the Main Test Booklet for those candidates who wish to answer **EITHER** Part IV (Language I) **OR** Part V (Language II) in **KHASI** language, but **NOT BOTH**.
 - Candidates are required to answer Parts I, II, III from the Main Test Booklet and Parts IV and V from the languages chosen by them.
 - Questions on English and Hindi languages for Part IV and Part V have been given in the Main Test Booklet. Language Supplements can be asked for separately.
 - Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/marking responses in the Answer Sheet.
 - The CODE for this Language Booklet is **M**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet and on your Main Test Booklet is the same as that on this Language Supplement Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of the Language Supplement Test Booklet.
 - This Test Booklet has **two** Parts, IV and V consisting of **60** Objective Type Questions, and each carries 1 mark :
 Part IV : Language I – (Khasi) (Q. Nos. 91 – 120)
 Part V : Language II – (Khasi) (Q. Nos. 121 – 150)
 - Part IV contains 30 questions for Language I and Part V contains 30 questions for Language II. In this Test Booklet, only questions pertaining to Khasi language have been given. In case the language(s) you have opted for as Language I and/or Language II is a language other than Khasi, please ask for a Test Booklet that contains questions on that language. The languages being answered must tally with the languages opted for in your Application Form.
 - Candidates are required to attempt questions in Part V (Language II) in a language other than the one chosen as Language I (in Part IV) from the list of languages.
 - Rough work should be done only in the space provided in the Test Booklet for the same.
 - The answers are to be recorded on the OMR Answer Sheet only. Mark your responses carefully. No whitener is allowed for changing answers.
1. यह पुस्तिका मुख्य परीक्षा पुस्तिका की एक परिशिष्ट है, उन परीक्षार्थियों के लिए जो या तो भाग IV (भाषा I) या भाग V (भाषा II) खासी भाषा में देना चाहते हैं, लेकिन दोनों नहीं।
2. परीक्षार्थी भाग I, II, III के उत्तर मुख्य परीक्षा पुस्तिका से दें और भाग IV व V के उत्तर उनके द्वारा चुनी भाषाओं से।
3. अंग्रेज़ी व हिन्दी भाषा पर प्रश्न मुख्य परीक्षा पुस्तिका में भाग IV व भाग V के अन्तर्गत दिए गए हैं। भाषा परिशिष्टों को आप अलग से माँग सकते हैं।
4. इस पृष्ठ पर विवरण अंकित करने एवं उत्तर पत्र पर निशान लगाने के लिए केवल नीले/काले बॉल पॉइंट पेन का प्रयोग करें।
5. इस भाषा पुस्तिका का संकेत है **M**. यह मुनिश्चित कर लें कि इस भाषा परिशिष्ट पुस्तिका का संकेत, उत्तर पत्र के पृष्ठ-2 एवं मुख्य प्रश्न पुस्तिका पर छपे संकेत से मिलता है। आगर यह भिन्न हो तो परीक्षार्थी दूसरी भाषा परिशिष्ट परीक्षा पुस्तिका लेने के लिए निरीक्षक को तुरन्त अवगत कराएं।
6. इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका में दो भाग IV और V हैं, जिनमें **60** वस्तुनिष्ठ प्रश्न हैं, तथा प्रत्येक 1 अंक का है :
 भाग IV : भाषा I – (खासी) (प्रश्न सं. 91 – 120)
 भाग V : भाषा II – (खासी) (प्रश्न सं. 121 – 150)
7. भाग IV में भाषा I के लिए 30 प्रश्न और भाग V में भाषा II के लिए 30 प्रश्न दिए गए हैं। इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका में केवल खासी भाषा से सम्बन्धित प्रश्न दिए गए हैं। यदि भाषा I और/या भाषा II में आपके द्वारा चुनी गई भाषा (एं) खासी के अलावा है तो कृपया उस भाषा वाली परीक्षा पुस्तिका माँग लीजिए। जिन भाषाओं के प्रश्नों के उत्तर आप दे रहे हैं वह आवेदन पत्र में चुनी गई भाषाओं से अवश्य मेल खानी चाहिए।
8. परीक्षार्थी भाग V (भाषा II) के लिए, भाषा सूची से ऐसी भाषा चुनें जो उनके द्वारा भाषा I (भाग IV) में चुनी गई भाषा से भिन्न हो।
9. एफ कार्ड परीक्षा पुस्तिका में इस प्रयोजन के लिए दी गई खाली जगह पर ही करें।
10. सभी उत्तर केवल OMR उत्तर पत्र पर ही अंकित करें। अपने उत्तर ध्यानपूर्वक अंकित करें। उत्तर बदलने हेतु खेत रंजक का प्रयोग निषिद्ध है।

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals) : _____

परीक्षार्थी का नाम (बड़े अक्षरों में) :

Roll Number (अनुक्रमांक) : in figures (अंकों में) _____

: in words (शब्दों में) _____

Centre of Examination (in Capitals) : _____

परीक्षा केन्द्र (बड़े अक्षरों में) :

Candidate's Signature : _____ Invigilator's Signature : _____

परीक्षार्थी के हस्ताक्षर :

निरीक्षक के हस्ताक्षर :

Facsimile signature stamp of Centre Superintendent _____

M

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KHASI

Kane ka kot jingkylli ka don 20 sla.

JPC14-I

Test Booklet Code

**PAPER I
PART IV & V****KA JINGPYNDAP (SUPPLEMENT) HA KA KTIEN KHASI**

Watnym plied ia kane ka kot jingkylli haduh ban da ioh jingbthah.

Pule bniah ia ki jingkdew ha lyndet ka kot sop (19 & 20) jong kane ka kot.

KA JINGBTHAH IA KI NONGIALEH EKSAMIN.

1. Kane ka kot jingkylli ka dei tang ka jingpyndap (Supplement) halor ka jingkylli **ba la sam** (Main Test Booklet) kaba dei na ka bynta kito ki nongleh **eksamin kiba kwah ban** jubab ia ka Part IV (Language I) **lane** Part V (Language II) ha ka ktien KHASI hynrei ym ia **baroh ar**.
2. Ki nongialeh eksam ki dei ban jubab ia ki Part I, II, III na ka Main Test Booklet bad ka Part IV bad V na ka ktien (language) kiba ki la jied hi.
3. Ki jingkylli ha ka Phareng bad Hindi na ka bynta ka Part IV bad Part V la ai lang ha ka Main Test Booklet. Kiwei pat ki jaid ktien la buh la ka jong bad lah ban pan lada donkam.
4. Pyndonkam da u Ball pen rong blue ne rong iong ban pyndap ia kane ka sla bad ban jubab ia kiba donkam.
5. U CODE na ka bynta jong kane ka jingkylli (Language booklet) u dei u M. Pyntikna ba u CODE ba la shon ha ka side ba 2 jong ka sla ba jubab. (Answer Sheet) bad ba la shon ha ka Main Test Booklet ki dei ki juh. Lada shem ki jingbakla, ki nongleh eksamin, ki dei ban pyntip sha u/ka nongap eksamin ne invigilator ban pan kylliang da kawei pat ka Language Supplement Test Booklet.
6. Kane ka Test Booklet ka don ar bynta, ka IV bad V bad ka kynthup **60** tylli ki jingkylli ba lynkot, kiba kit 1 mark kawei :
 - Part IV : Language I (Khasi) (Q. No. 91 – 120)
 - Part V : Language II (Khasi) (Q. No. 121 – 150)
7. Ka Part IV ka don 30 jingkylli, ki jingkylli na ka bynta ka Language I bad ka Part V pat 30 tylli ki jingkylli na ka bynta ka Language II. Ha kane ka booklet ki jingkylli ki long tang ha ka ktien Khasi, lada ha ka Language I & II phi la jied da ka ktien ba bym dei ha Khasi, phi lah ban pan ia ka Test Booklet ha ka ktien ba phi kwah, tangba ka ktien ba phi jubab ka dei ban iahap bad ka jait ktien ba phi la jied ha ka Application Form.
8. **Ki nongthoh eksamin ki dei ban jubab ia ka Part V (Language II) ha ka ktien ka ba pher na kaba a jied ha ka Language I (ha Part IV).**
9. Ki rough work lah ban pyndonkam ha ka jaka ba la pynlait khnang ha ka Test Booklet.
10. Ia ki jubab dei ban thoh tang ha ki OMR Answer Sheet ym shah ban ban ar sien ne ban pyndonkam da ka sia lieh ia ki jing jubab. Donkam ban thoh jubab shai kdar bad tang shisien thoh.

Kyrteng jong u/ka nongialeh eksam (ha ki dak heh) :

Roll Number : (ha ki dak jingkheiñ) _____
: (ha ki kyntien) _____

Ka jaka ialeh Eksamin (ha ki dak heh) :

Jingsoi kyrteng jong u/ka nong ialeh Eksamin :

Jingsoi kyrteng jong u/ka nongap Eksamin :

Facsimile signature stamp of

Centre Superintendent _____

KHASI

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M

Candidates should answer
questions from the following
Part only if they have opted for
KHASI as LANGUAGE - I.



PART IV

LANGUAGE I

KHASI

Jingbthah : Pule ia kane ka pasoh harum bad sa jubab ia ki jingkylli (naduh 91 haduh 99) da kaba jied ia ka jubab kaba dei eh:

İa u Okonkwo la ithuh lut da baroh khyndai tylli ki shnong bad wat shabar jong kane ka shnong ruh. Ka nam jong u ka long namar ki jingjop jong u hi. Kum u samla uba dang khatphra snem ka ryta, u la wanrah burom ia ka shnong jong u namar u la lah ban pyndem ia u Amalinse ia uba la ju sin da u Miaw. U Amalinse u la long u nongialympat uba khraw namar ha ki hynñiew tylli ki snem, ym pat don ba lah ban pyndem ia u, kata, naduh Umophia haduh Mbaino. La sin ia u da u Miaw namar ka met jong u kam ju dei khyndew ha ba ialympat. Dei ia une u rangbah ba u Okonkwo u la kawang tyngeh ha kawei ka jingialeh kaba ki 'riewtymmen ki la ong ba ka dei kawei na ki jingialeh kaba shyrkhei tam namar u nongseng nongbu h ia ka nongbah jong ki u la iateh bad ka snaiap kynsha haduh kumba hynñiew sngi bad hynñiew miet.

Ki ksing ki tied, ki sharati ki kynud bad ki nongpeitkai ki ia sngap jar. U Amalinse u long uba buit shalak bha hynrei u Okonkwo u btuit blar blar kum ka dohkha hapoh um. Ki thied ki jaw bad ki dohksah ki ieng triang ha ki ksangkti ki jong ki, ha ki met ki jong ki, ha ki syngkai ki jong ki bad sngew kum ban iohsngew ia ki ba ki iatan kum ban kdiah noh artat. Ha kaba khatduh u Okonkwo u la lah ban pyndem ia u Miaw.

Kata ka la jia ha ki snem ba mynshuwa, arphew snem ne tam ia kata bad ha kane ka por, ka nam u Okonkwo ka la klang la kum ka ding ha u phlang ha ka por ba beh ka lyer *harmattan*.

91. İa u Okonkwo la ithuh tang da ka shnong jong u ne mano ba kham ithuh bha ia u Okonkwo ?
 (1) İa u la tip lut da baroh ka shnong
 (2) İa u la ithuh da ki para marjan jong u
 (3) La ithuh bha ia u da ki khyndai tylli ki shnong bad ki bar shnong ruh ki ithuh ia u
 (4) Tang kiba na shnong jong u ki ithuh bha ia u
92. Ka jingpawnam jong u Okonkwo ka long namar
 (1) La kha ia u bad ka nusip bha
 (2) Ba u la long u riew shlur
 (3) U long uba dang samla
 (4) U la jop ia u Amalinse
93. Balei ia u Amalinse la sin da u Miaw ?
 (1) Namar haba ialympat ka met jong u kam ju ktah khyndew
 (2) Namar ym ju lah ban pyndem ia u
 (3) Namar ka jingmut 'miaw' ha ki Umaphia bad Mbaino ka mut uba stet bha
 (4) Namar ba u pawnam ha ka jingialympat
94. Dei iano ba u Okonkwo u la kawang tyngeh ?
 (1) İa u Amalinse
 (2) İa u Amalinse ia uba la ju sin da u Miaw
 (3) İa u nong Umophia
 (4) İa u nong Mbaino

KHASI

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95. U Okonkwo u la jop bad pyndem ia u Amalinse namar
- u la long u riew shlur
 - u burom bha ia ki riewtynmmen
 - u la pawnam lypa ha ki khyndai tylli ki shnong
 - u nongseng ia kata ka shnong u la iateh bad ki snaap kynsha
96. Balei ki nongpeitkai ki rasngapjar ?
- Namar ka jingialeh ka long kaba iakhing bha
 - Namar baroh ar ki long kiba buit shalak
 - Namar ki tieng ioh ki ia mynsaw
 - Namar ka jingialeh ka la pyntsyer ia ki
97. Kdew ia ka dak jong ka jingeh ha kata ka jingialeh.
- Ki thied ki jaw ki la paw
 - Ka syep ka la tuid ha ka met jong ki
 - Ki dohksah ki la ieng triang
 - Ki syngkai ki la eh
98. U nongiathuh khana hangne u la kdew ia ki jingjia kiba la dep namar
- u mutdur ioh ba ka shnong kan klet noh ia kum kane ka jingialeh
 - u kwah ban iathuh ia ka jingsdang jong ka jingpawnam u Okonkwo
 - u kwah ban iathuh shaphang ka khana ialympat
 - u sngewsynei ia u Amalinse
99. Ka kyntien 'klang' ha katei ka jingiathuh khana ka mut
- Ka jingmeh ding
 - Ka jingriem
 - Kiew sted ka jingpawnam
 - La tip da baroh ia ka nam u Okonkwo
- Jingbthah : Pule ia kane ka poim harum bad sa jubab ia ki jingkylli (naduh 100 haduh 105) da kaba jied ia ka jubab kaba dei eh:*
- Synshar, synshar, ko 'Riw Khasi!
To synshar hi iaphi,
U Blei u'n rap baroh ia phi
Ba'n synshar maphi hi.
Ha ki nong-onng baroh,
U'n rap U'n rap U Blei Ba Khraw
Haba phi ia U iaroh
Phi'n ioh jingsuk shisha te phi
Khlem artatien artat,
Haba ia soh maphi hi
Ha ba phi leh da pyrkhat
Phi'n leit kylla mraw balei ?
Ha ki jinglong nongwei
Khlem pyrkhat ki jing hikai
Jong I Thawlang, Lawbei,
Synshar, synshar ko 'Riw khasi,
Synshar ia la jingmut;
Wat leh shukor, wat leh bishni,
Long ba shlur, wat long khawput,
Wad ka niam, wad ka jingstad,
Wad ka jingsuk Khasi:

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KHASI

Ia ka jingmut skhem to bat,
 Bad pynshai ia la ka ri,
 Synshar, synshar ko 'Riw Khasi!
 Synshar, ia la ki, kur,
 Ia ktin na ing wat ai ba'n mih,
 Ioh u ksuid u'n sa tur,
 Ia bam ia dih ia suk, ia neh,

100. U myllung u mut aïu haba u ong "synshar synshar"?

- (1) U mut ia ka rukom synshar ba mynta
- (2) U kyrsiew bad pynkyndit ia ka jaitbynriew
- (3) U kyntu ia ka jaitbynriew ban synshar hi
- (4) U iohi ia ka jingdum ha ka jaitbynriew

101. Ka kyntien "jingsuk" ka mut

- (1) ym don jingkulmar
- (2) ka jinghun ha ka jaitbynriew
- (3) ka jingsuk ha iing ha sem
- (4) ka jingbymshah ktah ha ki nongwei

102. U myllung u mut aïu haba u ong "ia soh maphi hi"?

- (1) U mut ia ka jingiatylli
- (2) U mut ia ka jingbun briew
- (3) U thew ia ka jingbun ka jaka
- (4) U thew ia ka jingsnoh bad ki nongwei

103. 'Thawlang Lawbei' ka mut

- (1) ki kmie ki kpa mynnor
- (2) ki kmie ki kpa ba shu mutdur
- (3) ki nongseng ia ka jait ka kur
- (4) ki kmie ki kpa jong kata ka shnong

104. Kaei kata ka jingsuk Khasi ?

- (1) Ka dei ka jingsuk kaba kynthup ia ka jingstad bad ka niam
- (2) Ka dei ka jingsuk kaba kynthup ia ka jingshlur
- (3) Ka dei ka jingsuk kaba don ha ka ia ka niam
- (4) Ka dei ka jingim khlem ki mynder

105. Ha kane ka poim u myllung u kren ruh ia ka synshar

- (1) shnong
- (2) kur
- (3) iing
- (4) kur bad iing

Jingbatai : Jied kano na kine harum ki long kiba dei eh (Jingkylli 106 – 120).

106. Ban noh syniang sha ka jingiakren, da ki kyndon ba la pynbeit lypa bad da ki jingjia kiba jia teng teng bad lada wanrah ia kita ki mat kiba dei, ia kum kane ka jingleh la pyniähap bad

- (1) Ka Rukom pule
- (2) Ka thwet jingtip na internet
- (3) Ka jingthoh biang ia ki mat na kawei pat ka jingmut
- (4) Ka kren ka khana da ka ktien

107. U khynnah u leh aïu haba u shu peit lung leng (scanning) ?

- (1) U peit sted ban ioh jingmut ne aidia
- (2) U peit thuh ia ki jingthoh kiba kham idonkam bad u ieh noh ia kiwei pat
- (3) U thoh ia kiba u la pule
- (4) U pule ban sngewthuh shai ia ki jingthoh

KIASI

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108. Ka atiar kaba biang eh ban thew ia ha jinglong bad ia ka jingmut jong ki nongpule ka long da

- (1) kaba ai ia ka test lyngkhot (Summative)
- (2) kaba shim jingtip na ki (Anecdotal Report)
- (3) kaba lum jingtip ia ki kam ba ki trei (Portfolio)
- (4) kaba ai test man la ka por ia ki lynnong kiba rit (Unit test)

109. Khnang ban iarap ia ki nonghikai ba kin tip la ki khynnah klas II ki lah ne em ba kin pule hi, peit ia ki khynnah la

- (1) ki pynihap ia ki jingthoh da kaba ki shu iathuh
- (2) ki wanrah lyngkot ne em ia ki jingthoh
- (3) ki khynnah ki peithuh ia ki dak shon bad ki kdew artad ia ki mat kiba eh da ka kti
- (4) ki pyndonkam ia ki pronoun, ki conjunction ban bteng ia ka jingiadei ha ki jingthoh

110. Ka skil kren ka dei kaba la “shu shim” namar

- (1) Ki briel ki nang hi ia ka kren ka khana
- (2) Ki nonghikai ki khmih lynti ba ki khynnah kin tip hi la ka kamram
- (3) Ia ki jait ktien ym lah ban hikai khlem ki tiar iarap
- (4) Tang ia ka ktien kmie lah ban nang bha

111. Phin iohsngew 5 tylli ki jingkren lyngkot ki briel shaphang ka skul. Pule ia kine ki jingthoh harum, bad sa pyniadei naduh A – G ha ki nongkren 1 – 5. Phin sa sngap ia ki surba la shim (record) arsien. Kane ka jait kam ka iadei bad _____ ha ka ktien thmu (target)

- (1) ka jingpynmlien ban pule bun
- (2) ka jingialeh ban nang katkum ka jinglah ki khynnah
- (3) ka kam ban pynpule shwa ban sngap
- (4) ka rukom thew ia ka rukom pule

112. Ban seng ia ka rukom pynioh kyntien ba don jingmut, kane ka kdew ia

- (1) ka kyrdan ha ka jingnang ia ka kramar
- (2) ka jingioh ia ka rukom pynbeit kyntien
- (3) ka jingioh ia ki kyntien ban pyndonkam ha ka imlang sahlang bad ban pyndonkam hi
- (4) ka jingpynkynroi ban nang ia ka ktien

113. Ka jingpyndonkam lang ha klas ia ka kot, ka jingpyni ia ki dur bad ki dur khih ryngkat ka sur ka kdew ia ka

- (1) nuksa ba ai jingsneng
- (2) rukom hikai da kaba pynshong nongrim ia ki jingjia kiba la dep
- (3) rukom batai ia ka kot
- (4) multimedia

M

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KHASI

- 114.** Ka rukom hikai kramar mynta ka ban eh ha
 (1) ka ban hikai shi hikai ia ki aiñ kramar
 (2) ka ban hikai ia ki shynrong senten ne ia ka tense katkum ki kyndon ba la buh
 (3) ka ban hikai kramar haba ki nongpule ki la nang shwa ia ka K2 (Language 2)
 (4) ka jinghikai kramar
- 115.** Ka jingthmu ban hikai kramar ka long
 (1) ban pyntbit ha ka rukom bat jong ki khynnah ia ki mat
 (2) ban thew ia ka skil ban pynleit jingmut ne ioh jingmut
 (3) ban pyntbit ha ka rukom kynnoh bha
 (4) ban pyntbit ha ka kren ka khana
- 116.** Ban hikai ia ka ktien baar (K_2) ha ka klass IV dei ban jied ia kane ki mat harum
 (1) Ka jingdonkam
 (2) Ka ktien kaba bunjait ka rukom pyndonkam
 (3) Ka jingpyndonkam ia ka ktien kaba don ar jingmut
 (4) Katno kyntien la khmih lynti ha ka jingjubab ia kano kano ka mat
- 117.** Ban pynioh ia ka sap kren lyngba ki jingialeh kai ha klas dei ban peit ia
 (1) ka dor ka ban biang lada pyniadei bad ki tiar teknologi
 (2) ba kan iahap bad ka rukom thew bad ka jingjop ki khynnah
 (3) jingpyndonkam khyndiat eh ia ki kot
 (4) pynpule ia ki bun tylli ki kot litereshor
- 118.** Ha ka jingpule ia ka ktien, ka ktien ka pyniaid ia baroh ki jingthmu. Kane ka dei ka jingpyndonkam ia ka ktien ha
 (1) ka ban pyrthuh bud ia ka rukom kynnoh ki trai ktien
 (2) kaba shim ba ka ktien ka dei ka dak jong ka jingnang jingtip
 (3) ka ban pyniaid ia ka jingleh jong kiwei
 (4) kaba shim ba ka ktien ka long ka lad phah khubor
- 119.** Ka jingnang ka sdang na barit sha kaba kham eh. Lada u khynnah um nang ia kaba rit eh dei ban hikai ia u
 (1) Da ki jingbatai bad/lane pyni bad ki dur
 (2) Pyni tang da ki dur, ym dei ban batai
 (3) Batai bad/lane pynwandur ia ka jingbatai
 (4) Pyni ia ki dur bad/lane pynwandur ia ka jinghikai, ym don jingbatai
- 120.** Kano na kine harum kin long ka jingpyrshang ban wanrah ia ka rukom hikai bad nang ia ka ktien ha ka klas kaba bunjait ki nongpule
 (1) Ka jingpyndonkam hok ia ka K_2 ne ktien thmu
 (2) Pynkren ia ki shynrong ktien bad ai ia ki jait kam ki ban iarap ia u khynnah ban nang ha ka kren ka khana
 (3) Iehnloh ia ka rukom kren ktien nongwei ha bym don lad
 (4) Shah ban pyndonkam ia ka ktien lajong bunsien

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Candidates should answer
questions from the following
Part only if they have opted for
KHASI as LANGUAGE - II.



PART V**LANGUAGE II****KHASI**

Ki Jingbthah : Pule ia kane ka pasoh harum bad sa jubab ia ki jingkylli naduh (121 haduh 129) da kaba jied ia ka jubab kaba dei eh:

Ki Khasi ki la don ka dorbar haba ki leh ne kin ialeh ia kano-kano baroh, ia kaba ki dang bat haduh mynta. Baroh kaba dei shaphang ka jingpyniaid pyrthei, ne ka jingsynshar, ne shaphang ka jingbishar ki da dei ban leh ha Dorbar.

U-Syiem u-patsha, u-bakhraw u-barit, u-tymmen, ne u-san, um don hok ban leh ei-ei na lade ne na rieh; baroh dei ha dorbar. Wat hapoh iing kur jong u syiem hi ruh lada mih, ne pynmih kano-kano ka hukum kaba dei shaphang ka kam shisha, kam lah long ne kim kheiñ kum kaba dei ban mane ne bat, lymda kaba da long ha Dorbar. Ban leit long lei kaba u syiem, ne ki bakhraw ki kren ne ki hukum, ne ki bishar ei-ei na la, ne ha la iing-tnga, kata lei-lei kaba ki Khasi kim bit-eh ban kheiñ, kum ka ktien ne kabym bit ban buh jingkheiñ tang ha, ne kat i tyrsim iong, eh ruh. Ban leit khot shaphang ka kam shisha u syiem, ne u bakhraw hi sha la iing-tnga ban iabishar-khadar kim ju bit leit hajir. Kim ju iakren ei-ei shaphang ka said-thma ne ka bishar ha iingtnga, naba ki tieng bad ki kheiñ ia kata ka iing kum kaba don ki tyngab

bad ki bseiñ, bad kaba pyrshah ia ka niam ka dustur.

Baroh, – kata ka jingsynshar, ka jingbishar-khadar, ka jingiasaid-thma said-ktien, ka jingrai-jingpynkut hok ka jingpynmih hukum, – ka dei kaban da long ha ka dorbar kaba ki ju kheiñ bad ju kren kum ka dorbar Blei.

Naba ha ka dustur Khasi, u syiem u dei tang u nongpyniaid hukum bad ki-tymmen ki-san ki dei tang ki nong-iasaiñ ryngkat, ki nongiasneng-puramit ryngkat, ki nongia-pynsaid-pynthew; kim dei ki nongsaiñ ma-ki hi.

Haban sa lum dorbar, u syiem u phah shem ha u basanraj, uban phah pyrta ha u sangot. Ynda ha kata ka sngi ka ia ba la buh, wei la wan poi u bakhraw bad u-tymmen u-san, kata sa sdang u syiem, tang ba u shu ong. “To iasdang noh” bad u iathuhkhana de khyniat-khynsoit tang ia ka khmat ka kam. Hangta said sa u basan-rang-bah-eb, bad ki sa iabud ter-ter katba donkam sa kiwei pat, sa na ki-tymmen ki-san haba ki da i donkam ban ia-pyni ia ka-dei ka-lait. Habym don u syiem, kata plie bad wai dorbar hi u basan-rangbah-ch. Ki

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ju ia kren iasaid-iathew biang-pa-biang, na ka liang u-tymmen u-san ruh, kim ju ia-iuh ia ka badei.

U 'riewsaid-thma ha ka dorbar dei ba un long uba tip tymmen bad uba lah ban jer ia kaba la ju-long ju-jia, bad uba don jingtip shibun ia kiwei-kiwei ki ri ne ki hima, shaphang ka jingialong jong ki.

Ha ka dorbar pat, naba ki khein ia ka kum ka blei, kaba dei ban mane bad bymbit ban shu iakren kai, kim ju don jingiamai, ne jingiaknieh ktien, ne jingiapisa ei-ei : ia kabym sngewdei ki shu iasngap ne kim ju iabat ne iabud nia, kim ju iasaid pyrshah, bun tang ka iapyni iapynshai ia ka nia.

Ka dorbar ka lah ban long hapoh iing-sad iing-sunon, ne tang ha ka jaka ba la ju long bad ba la buh pynthikna ne pynkyntang khnang la mynbarim. Ka dorbar syiem te kam lah ban long ha iew ne jaka hat, lait na ka jaka ba la kyntang khnang. Kumta man ki shnong ki da don la ki jaka ban seng dorbar.

121. Ka ju don ne em ka synshar ha rieh ha ka Dorbar Khasi ?

- (1) Hooid
- (2) Ka ju don teng teng
- (3) Ka ju don haba don ka kam ba kyrkieh ban synshar
- (4) Em

122. Ia ka bishar khadar Khasi kim ju leh na iing tnga u syiem namar

- (1) Ka pyrshah ia ka dustur Khasi
- (2) Kam i shongkhia
- (3) Yn ym don ba pdiang ia ka rai
- (4) Kan ym long kaba i shisha

123. Balei ia ba dorbar Khasi la khot ka dorbar Blei ?

- (1) Namar ba u Syiem u long uba donbor
- (2) Namar ha ka, don ka jingiasaid-thma, ka hok bad ka hukum
- (3) Namar ba u Syiem u long kum u Blei
- (4) Namar ki bakhray batri ki don la ka nia pyjni

124. U sangot u dei u ei ?

- (1) U nongpyrta shnong
- (2) U briel ba isangsot
- (3) U basanraj
- (4) U samla samhoi

125. Uei uta u riewsaid thma ?

- (1) U riew bunnia
- (2) U briel ba korbar shaphang ka thma
- (3) U briel uba lah ban niew ia kiba ju-long ju-jia
- (4) U nongiathuh khana

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126. Ha ka dorbar Khasi u syiem u dei tang u

- (1) nongsaiñnia
- (2) nongsneng puramit
- (3) u nongsaid nia
- (4) u nongpyniäid hukum

Ki Jingbthah : Pule ia kane ka pasoh harum bad sa jubad ia ki jingkylli naduh (130 haduh 135) da kaba jied ia ka jubab kaba dei eh.

Haba iohi ia u teng teng ha lynti, ngi kdat noh shawei, ngi phet pynstet, ba ngi tieng. Wat na jngai ruh, tang shu la iohi, la syier rem ka met baroh shirynieng, ba la kynrup ka tieng

127. Ha ka dorbar Khasi uba kren nyngkong u
dei u

- (1) u Basan
- (2) u Syiem
- (3) u Tymmen
- (4) u Bakhraw

Ka iing jong u kam shym jngai na ka iing jong ngi, kumba shipda maw tam khyndiat, haynrei ngim ju iohi ban don kiba leit kai wan kai ha iing jong u; te u ruh ngim ju iohi ba un leit rung ha iing jong kiwei pat. Shipor – ka lah ban long shisnem ne ar snem – kawei ka khynnah (ngi tip pat hadien ba ka dei ka pyrsa jong u) ka wan shong bad u, hynrei ynda ka la samla ngim ju iohi shuh ia ka. Naduh kata hi u la shu shong marwei, im marwei.

128. Ka dorbar Khasi ka lah ban long ha

- (1) Iew ha hat
- (2) Iing ha sem ki bakhrav batri
- (3) Iingsad ne jaka ba la buh na bymbarim
- (4) Iing ha sem ki tymmen ki san

ia ka kyrting jong u ngim ju tip, bad ngim ju tip ruh u wan na kano ka shnong. Don kiba ong uba na Maram, don pat kiba ong uba na sha Lyngngam. Ka iing kaba u shong ka long kaba rit, hynrei ka kper te kaba heh bha. U la shong ha kane ka iing naduh shwa ban kha ia ngi baroh.

129. Kam ju don ka _____ ha ka dorbar
Khasi

- (1) Kren kai
- (2) Kren pyninia
- (3) Kren biang-pa-biang
- (4) iasaid-iathew .

Um ju kham don ha iing mynsngi. U trei kum u mali ha ka bangla uwei u Sahep ha Sor, bad u la tymmen. Dei na kata ka daw ba la shu iasin ia u baroh baroh, u Men Mali.

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Balei ngi ki khynnah ngi leit tieng eh ia u Men Mali haduh katne katne ? Kaba shitom ban ai ka daw kaba biang. Ym don hi ruh uba lah ban ong shai balei nga tieng. Shisien katba nang iabam soh, lyngngai halor ka rynsan sohbrap kaba pur rynjain halor u dieng-sohpha-reng ha kper u Men Mali, u wan byrngem ia ngi nang-thie na trai dieng, u thap tyndung da u sum. Lai ngut saw ngut katba iadon, ba la iatieng, eh la shu iaryngkoh matlah nalor dieng kat sha ba lap, tang ban lait na u Men Mali. Hynrei ym dei ba ngi tieng ia u na kata ka daw. Ngi Iah iatieng lypa ia u shwa ia kane ruh.

130. Ha kane ka khana mano ba tieng ia u Men Mali.

- (1) Baroh ki nongshong shnong
- (2) Tang ki khynnah ki tieng ia u Men Mali
- (3) U nongthoh u iathuh ba u tieng ia u Men Mali
- (4) U nongthoh bad ki para khynnah ha kata ka por ki tieng ia u Men Mali

131. Ka khynnah kaba im lang shipor bad u Men Mali ka dei.

- (1) Ka pyrsa jong u
- (2) Ka para jong u
- (3) Ka kur jong u
- (4) Ka pyrsa arkmie jong u

132. Ka _____ ka don hapoh ka khana shaphang ka shnong trai u Men Mali.

- (1) Jingpynwandur
- (2) Jingtharai
- (3) Jingpynkutnia
- (4) Jingshisha

133. U Men Mali _____ ha iing mynsngi mynsngi.

- (1) u ju don
- (2) um ju don
- (3) um ju kham don
- (4) u shait don barabor

134. Na kane ka khana, balei ki briew ki tieng ia u Men Mali

- (1) Ba u im marwei
- (2) Ba u dei na Maram
- (3) Ba u dei na Lyngngam
- (4) Ba ym don ka daw kaba biang

135. Ha ka khana la iathuh ba ki khynnah ki la tieng ia u Men Mali ha kper namarba

- (1) ki la tieng lypa ia u
- (2) u la byrngem ia ki
- (3) ki la tuh soh
- (4) u la thap tyndung da u sum

Jingbthah : *Jied kano na kine harum ki long kiba dei eh (Jingkylli 136 – 150).*

136. Lada ban biang ha ki kyntien ki nongpule ia kaei kaba la ong ka dei ka rukom ban thew ia ka jingsngewthuh bad ia kane la khot da ka

- (1) Wad jingtipp
- (2) Jingban kyllum
- (3) Jingsei jingtipp
- (4) Jinglum jingtipp

137. Lada u khynnah u noh jingmut, ne u ibun kam bad um shahshkor, kane kan wanrah ia ka _____ ka ban iada na ka jingnang.

- (1) ka rukom pyrkhat
- (2) ka jingsngew
- (3) ka jingpang met
- (4) ka jingpang ha ka borjabieng bad bor met

138. Ha ka klas V ha kaba iadei bad ka rukom thoh, u khynnah u hap ban ktah ia ka rukom ba u nongpule un sngewtynnat. Ka rukom thoh ka dei ban

- (1) ai ia ka jingthoh kaba bniah
- (2) ai ia ki mat kiba donkam
- (3) ai ia ka jingthoh kyllum
- (4) ai ia ki mat ba shu mutdur

139. Ki jingkylli kiba kunno ki iarap ia ka rukom pyrkhat ki khynnah ?

- (1) Ki jingkylli kiban pynmih ia ki jubab na lade hi
- (2) Ki jingkylli ban pynmih hooid/em ha ka jubab
- (3) Ki jingkylli ba kylli ia kaba shisha
- (4) Ki jingkylli kiba mih tang na ka kot pule hi

140. Ha kane ka rukom leh –

Ka jingrai ban sngewthuh ia ka khubor na u nongkren. Kano na kine ki batai ia kane ka rukom leh

- (1) ka rukom leh da kaba sngewthuh
- (2) ka jinglah ban iakren
- (3) kaba shu sngap khlem da kren
- (4) kaba sngap da sngewthuh

141. Ka jinghikai kramar katkum ki khen (context) ka dei

- (1) ka jinghikai shai ia ka kramar
- (2) kaba sngap ia ka sur ba la ring (record) shaphang ka jingkren kaba shai bad kaba dei
- (3) ka jingsngewthuh ba ka kramar ka wan ryngkat ki jingleh kum ha kaba pule bad sngap
- (4) pynduna ha ki jingpyrshang, bad ithuh ia ka jingiadei hapdeng ka kramar bad ka rukom thoh

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142. Ban pynioh ia ka sap ha ka liang ka ktien, kane ka dei ka jait jingleh kaba ju pyndonkam ha klass

- (1) ka jingpyrkhang
- (2) ka jingwanrah ia kaba thymmai
- (3) ka jingwanrah ia ka jingtip kaba far
- (4) ka jingwanrah ia ki jingtip ba bun jait

143. U nonghikai u wanrah ia ka dur ba la ring bad ia ki jingbatai ha ka dur khih (video). Bad u sa ai ia ki kam ban leh ha iing. Kane ka pynlah ia u khynnah ba un

- (1) pynkynroi ialade bad un pule hi
- (2) lap ia ki jingsngewtynnat lajong
- (3) kiar na kaba pule ia kaei kaba la phah pule
- (4) tip ia ki rukom wanrah ia ki jinghikai

144. Ban pynlong ia ki khynnah ba kin pynpaw ia ka jingmut jong ki, ba kin sngewthuh ia ki mat ba la kren ha ki bad ba kin pharia ia ka kot kaba ki la pule, ka donkam ia ki ba kin _____ ha kata ka ktien thmu (target language)

- (1) kren khreh lang bad ka ktein lajong
- (2) kynmaw ia ki aiñ kramar
- (3) sngewthuh ia ki shynrong bad pyndonkam ia ki
- (4) tip ia bun tylli ki kyntien

145. Ha ka klas ba hikai da ki artylli ki ktien,

- (1) U nonghikai u kren tang da ka ktien thmu
- (2) Ki nongpule ki kren da ka juh ka ktien
- (3) U nonghikai u kren da ka ktien ba kren ki kynnah
- (4) U nonghikai u kren ia ka ktien ki khynnah bad ruh ia ka ktien thmu

146. Kano na kine ki jingong ka long kaba shisha ?

- (1) Ka jingthew kyllum ka thew ia ka ban pynbit ha ka jinghikai ban dup nang
- (2) Ka jingthew ba thikna (formative assessment) ka iarap ia ngi ban buh kyrdan ia ki khynnah ha kaba bha, ba shu biang, bad baduna
- (3) Baroh ki kamram ba la ai ki mut ia ka ban thew ia ki khynnah
- (4) Khnang ba ka jingthew ba thikna kan long kaba bit ban pyntrei kam dei ban thew ha ka por ne hadien ba la dep hikai ia ka lynnong

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147. Ki nongpule kiba ha ka ryta _____ ki kham shim ia jinghikai ktien na kaba ki la iohmad bad hangta kin pyrshang ban pyniaid ia ka jingbun kyntien bad ka jingmut kita ki kyntien.

- (1) [1 – 4 snem]
- (2) [15 – 17 snem]
- (3) [10 – 14 snem]
- (4) [9 – 12 snem]

148. Ka jinglah ia ka ktien ba-ar ka long tang ka jingpynmlien. Kane ka mut ba dei ban hikai ia

- (1) ka sawa, ki kyntien, ki phreis bad ki jingmut
- (2) ka ban shna senten ha ka ktien nongwei
- (3) ka ban kynmaw ia ka rukom thaw senten ban pyndonkam ha ka kren ka khana
- (4) ka ban thaw ki senten ryngkat bad ka rukom pynbeit ia ki kyntien

149. Ka jinghikai kramar ha ka ktien thmu ka

- (1) dawa ia ka bor ki nongpule
- (2) donkam ia ka jingpule bniah ia ka kot, bad pynioh ha ki nongpule ba ka ktien ka don la ka jong ka rukom treikam
- (3) pynkhih ia ki nongpule ba kin pyndonkam ia ka ktien
- (4) donkam ia ki tiar iarap ban sngewthuh ia ka kramar

150. Lada don ka jingduna ha kaba pule ne thoh donkam ban

- (1) kren da ki kmie ki kpa (Parental counselling)
- (2) ai jinghikai ban pynbit ia ki khynnah (Remedial teaching)
- (3) kren da ki para khynnah hi (Student counselling)
- (4) Ban bunsien ia ki mat ba donkam

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PULE BNIAH IA KINE KI JINGBATAI HARUM

1. Ha kawei pa kawei ka jingkylli don saw tylli ki jubab ba phin jied. Pyniong da u Khulom ball point uba iong lane blue tang kawei ka circle kaba dei ka jubab ha ka Side-2 jong ka OMR Answer Sheet lane sla jubab. Ka jubab shisien ba phi la thoh ym lah shuh ban kylla.
2. Ym shah ban khylliap ia kane ka Answer Sheet lane sla jubab, wat pyn jaboh ruh iaka. Thoh ia u Roll Number jong phi tang haka jaka ba la buh ha ka Answer Sheet.
3. Phi dei ban sumar bha ia ka kot jingkylli bad ka Answer Sheet jong phi. (Bad lada don jingbakla hangno re hangno kum ka code lane u number ha ka kot jingkylli lane Answer Sheet yn sa ai ia phi da kawei pat.
4. Da thoh bha ia ka Test Booklet Code bad number kumba la ai ha ka Test Booklet/Answer Sheet ha ka por ba phi kyntiew ha ka Attendance Sheet.
5. Ki nongialeh exam kim bit ban rah ia kino kino ki kot ki ba ia dei, ki kot lyngkdop, ki mobile phone lane kino kino ki tiar ki ban iarap ai jingtip lait noh tang ka Admit Card jong phi ha ka kamra ia leh exam.
6. Ki nongialeh exam ki dei ban long kiba kloj ban pyni ia ka Admit Card ha ki nong ap exam man ba ki donkam.
7. Ym shah ban mih na ka kamra ia leh exam khlem jingbit jong u superintendent lane ki nong ap exam.
8. Phim lah ban mih na ka kamra exam khlem da pynphai ia ka Answer Sheet jongphi sha ki nong ap bad khlem da buh jingsoi arsien ha ka Attendance Sheet. Lada u nongialeh exam u khlem soi arsien ha ka Attendance Sheet yn khein beit ba u khlem pynphai ia ka, bad ruh yn khein be-aiñ ia ka. Ki nongialeh exam ki dei ruh ban ai ka jingshon kti ka diang ha ka jaka ba la buh ha ka Attendance Sheet.
9. Ym shah ban rah kino kino ki tiar kor ai jingtip (Electronic device).
10. Ki nongialeh exam ki dei ban bud ia ki Aiñ ki kyndon jong ka Board ha ka ba ia dei bad ki rukom ialeh exam. Kano kano ka jingleh ba pyn khein ain yn pyn saja kat kum ka Aiñ ka Kyndon jong ka Board.
11. Yn ym shah ban tar lane pynduh ia kano kano ka bynta jong ka kot jingkylli lane Answer Sheet.
12. Haba la dep ia ka exam, ki nongialeh kidei ban pynphai ia ka Answer Sheet sha ki nongap exam ha ka kamra. Ki lah ban rah tang ia ka Test Booklet lane ka jingkylli bad ki.

READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY :

- Out of the four alternatives for each question, only one circle for the correct answer is to be darkened completely with Blue/Black Ball Point Pen on Side-2 of the OMR Answer Sheet. The answer once marked is not liable to be changed.
- The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Answer Sheet.
- Handle the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet with care, as under no circumstances (except for discrepancy in Test Booklet Code or Number and Answer Sheet Code or Number), another set will be provided.
- The candidates will write the correct Test Booklet Code and Number as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.
- Candidates are not allowed to carry any textual material, printed or written, bits of papers, pager, mobile phone, electronic device or any other material except the Admit Card inside the Examination Hall/Room.
- Each candidate must show on demand his / her Admission Card to the Invigilator.
- No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, should leave his / her seat.
- The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet a second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case. **The candidates are also required to put their left-hand THUMB impression in the space provided in the Attendance Sheet.**
- Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the Board with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of the Board.
- No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator in the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.**

निम्नलिखित निर्देश ध्यान से पढ़ें :

- प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए दिए गए चार विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर के लिए OMR उत्तर पत्र के पृष्ठ-2 पर केवल एक वृत्त को ही पूरी तरह नीले/काले बॉल पॉइंट पेन से भरें। एक बार उत्तर अंकित करने के बाद उसे बदला नहीं जा सकता है।
- परीक्षार्थी सुनिश्चित करें कि इस उत्तर पत्र को मोड़ा न जाए एवं उस पर कोई अन्य निशान न लगाएँ। परीक्षार्थी अपना अनुक्रमांक उत्तर पत्र में निर्धारित स्थान के अतिरिक्त अन्यत्र न लिखें।
- परीक्षा पुस्तिका एवं उत्तर पत्र का ध्यानपूर्वक प्रयोग करें, क्योंकि किसी भी परिस्थिति में (केवल परीक्षा पुस्तिका एवं उत्तर पत्र के संकेत या संख्या में भिन्नता की स्थिति को छोड़कर) दूसरी परीक्षा पुस्तिका उपलब्ध नहीं करायी जाएगी।
- परीक्षा पुस्तिका/उत्तर पत्र में दिए गए परीक्षा पुस्तिका संकेत व संख्या को परीक्षार्थी सही तरीके से हाजिरी-पत्र में लिखें।
- परीक्षार्थी द्वारा परीक्षा हॉल/कक्ष में प्रवेश कार्ड के सिवाय किसी प्रकार की पाठ्य सामग्री, मुद्रित या हस्तालिखित, कागज की पर्चियाँ, पेजर, मोबाइल फोन, इलेक्ट्रॉनिक उपकरण या किसी अन्य प्रकार की सामग्री को ले जाने या उपयोग करने की अनुमति नहीं है।
- पूछे जाने पर प्रत्येक परीक्षार्थी, निरीक्षक को अपना प्रवेश-कार्ड दिखाएँ।
- अधीक्षक या निरीक्षक की विशेष अनुमति के बिना कोई परीक्षार्थी अपना स्थान न छोड़ें।
- कार्यरत निरीक्षक को अपना उत्तर पत्र दिए बिना एवं हाजिरी-पत्र पर दबारा हस्ताक्षर किए बिना परीक्षार्थी परीक्षा हॉल नहीं छोड़ेंगे। यदि किसी परीक्षार्थी ने दूसरी बार हाजिरी-पत्र पर हस्ताक्षर नहीं किए तो यह माना जाएगा कि उसने उत्तर पत्र नहीं लौटाया है और यह अनुचित साधन का मापदला माना जाएगा। परीक्षार्थी अपने बाएँ हाथ के अँगूठे का निशान हाजिरी-पत्र में दिए गए स्थान पर अवश्य लगाएँ।
- इलेक्ट्रॉनिक/हस्तचालित परिकलक का उपयोग वर्जित है।
- परीक्षा-हॉल में आचरण के लिए परीक्षार्थी बोर्ड के सभी नियमों एवं विनियमों द्वारा नियमित हैं। अनुचित साधनों के सभी मामलों का फैसला बोर्ड के नियमों एवं विनियमों के अनुसार होगा।
- किसी हालत में परीक्षा पुस्तिका और उत्तर पत्र का कोई भाग अलग न करें।
- परीक्षा सम्पन्न होने पर, परीक्षार्थी कक्ष/हॉल छोड़ने से पूर्व उत्तर पत्र कक्ष-निरीक्षक को अवश्य सौंप दें। परीक्षार्थी अपने साथ इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका को ले जा सकते हैं।

P-I (SET-M)

91	3	106	4	121	4	136	2
92	4	107	4	122	1	137	2
93	1	108	3	123	2	138	2
94	2	109	3	124	1	139	1
95	4	110	1	125	3	140	4
96	1	111	4	126	4	141	3
97	3	112	3	127	2	142	4
98	2	113	4	128	3	143	1
99	3	114	2	129	1	144	3
100	2	115	4	130	4	145	4
101	2	116	1	131	1	146	4
102	1	117	2	132	2	147	2
103	3	118	3	133	3	148	4
104	1	119	4	134	4	149	2
105	4	120	2	135	1	150	2